Re-building Healthy Habits

Maintaining Cardiovascular Health During the COVID-19 Pandemic Kerrilynn Hennessey, MD Attending Cardiologist, Dartmouth Hitchcock Medical Center

Assistant Professor Geisel School of Medicine

February 23, 2022





Outline

- 1. Pre-pandemic Cardiovascular Health in the US
- 2. Pandemic-Related
 - a. Increase in CV risk Factors
 - b. Decrease in Preventative and Emergency CV Care
- 3. COVID-19 Disease Prevention and Heart Health
- 4. 2022: Rebuilding Healthy Habits



Pre-Pandemic Cardiovascular Health

5	and a second second			Level of Health for Each Metric			
	Life's Simple 7			Poor	Intermediate	Ideal	
9	1. Stop Smoking		Current smoking	Yes	Former ≤ 12 months	Never or quit >12 months Never tried; never smoked whole cigarette	
	2. Eat Better	42%	BMI*	≥30 kg/m²	25-29.9 kg/m²	18.5-25 kg/m²	
	3. Get Active 4. Lose Weight	45%	PA†	None	1-149 min/week moderate or 1-74 min/wk vigorous 1-149 min/wk moderate + 2x vigorous >0 min <60 min of moderate or vigorous every day	≥150 min/wk moderate or ≥75 min/wk vigorous ≥150 min/wk moderate + 2x vigorous ≥60 of moderate or vigorous every day	
,	5. Manage Blood Pressure	80%	Healthy diet pattern, number of components ‡	0-1	2-3	4-5	
2	6. Control Cholesterol		Total cholesterol	≥240 mg/dL	200-239 mg/dL or treated to goal	<200 mg/dL	
0	7. Reduce Blood Sugar		Blood pressure	SBP ≥140 mmHg or DBP ≥90 mmHg	SBP 120-139 mmHg or DBP 80-89 mmHg or treated to goal	<120 mmHg/ <80 mmHg	
			Fasting plasma glucose	≥126 mg/dL	100-125 mg/dL	<100 mg/dL	

Dartmouth-Hitchcock Health

39% of people surveyed thought they were in ideal CV health.

Only **1%** were ideal by all 7 metrics.

3-4 "ideal measures"

decrease your risk of heart-related death by more than half.

Pre-Pandemic Dietary Choices

Currently:

/5%

of people have

dietary patterns low

in vegetables, fruits,

and dairy.

exceed the limit for added sugars.

exceed the limit

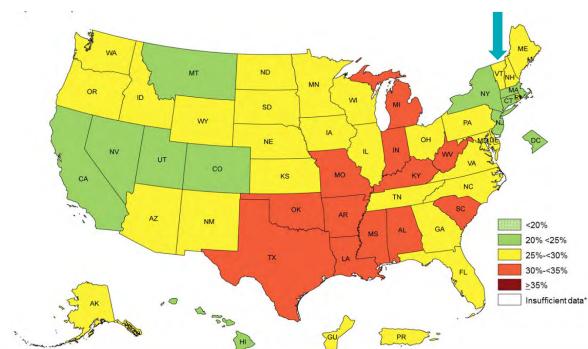
exceed the limit for saturated fat.

exceed the Chronic Disease Risk Reduction limits for sodium. <2300 mg

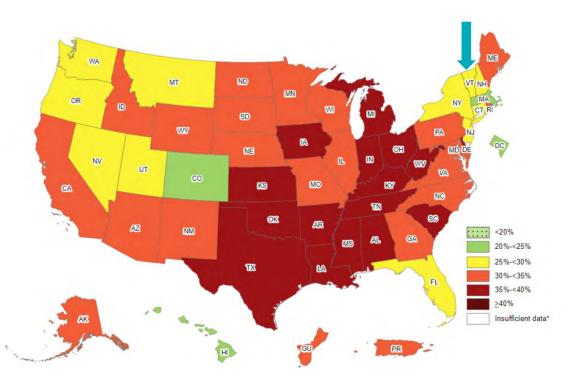
More than half of the U.S. population meets or exceeds total grain and protein foods recommendations, but are not meeting the subgroup recommendations for each food group.

74% of US Adults are Overweight or Obese Pre-Pandemic





2020



CDC Report



N DY Shots HEALTH NEWS FROM NPR One year on: Unhealthy weight gains, increased drinking reported by Americans coping with pandemic stress



PUBLIC HEALTH

Obesity Rates Rise During Pandemic, Fueled By Stress, Job Loss, Sedentary Lifestyle

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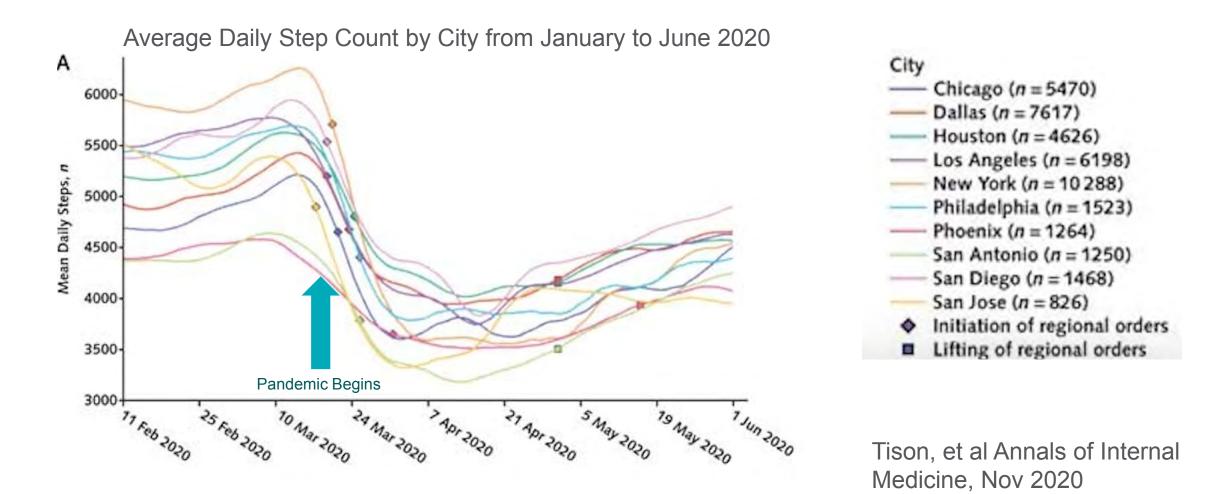
The Pandemic Has Your Blood Pressure Rising? You're Not Alone.

COVID

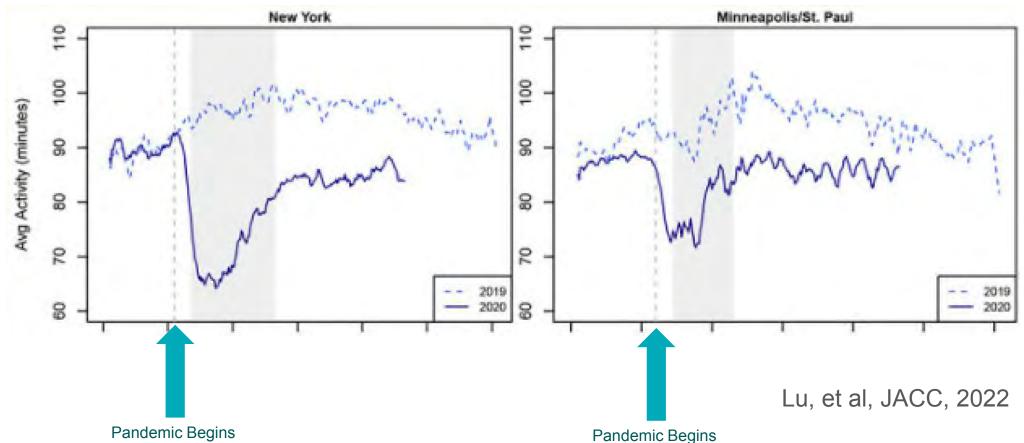
YOU'RE NOT ALONE IN

Average blood pressure readings increased as the coronavirus spread, new research suggests. The finding portends medical repercussions far beyond Covid-19.

Early-Pandemic Associated Decreased Step Counts



Early-Pandemic Associated Decreased Step Counts



Average Daily Activity in Minutes by City in 2019 vs. 2020







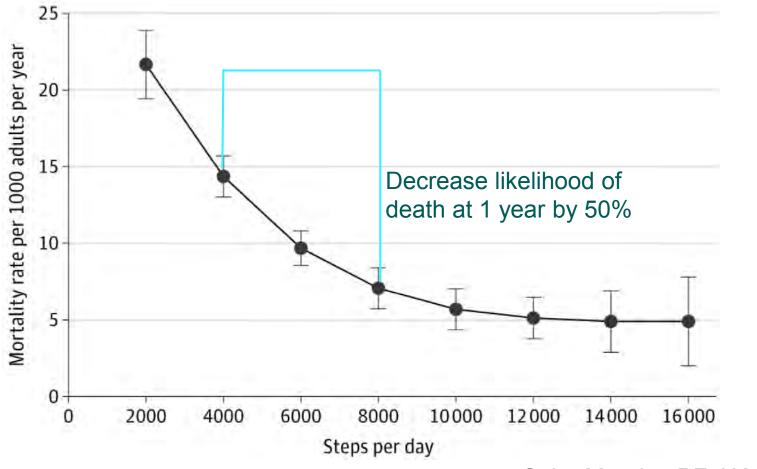
53% have been less physically active than they wanted.



© American Psychological Association



Physical Activity is an Important Predictor of Survival



Saint-Maurice PF JAMA. 2020.

Increased Demand for Food Delivery & Comfort Food

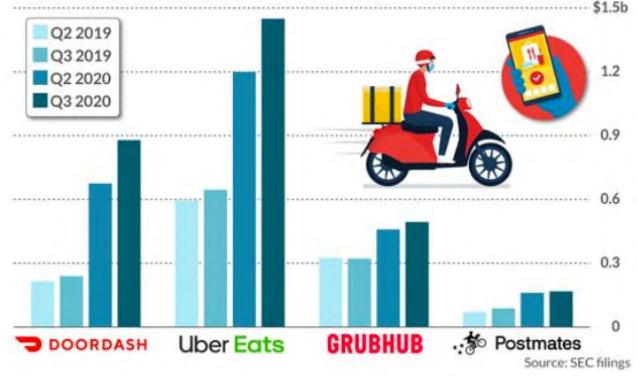
Analysts: Comfort Food Popularity Should Continue Post-Pandemic



Americans Are Eating Like Kids Again

The COVID-19 delivery boom

The four top U.S. food-delivery apps saw revenue rise \$3 billion collectively in the second and third quarters, as the coronavirus pandemic required shelter-in-place restrictions.





Top 10 Food Delivery Choices:

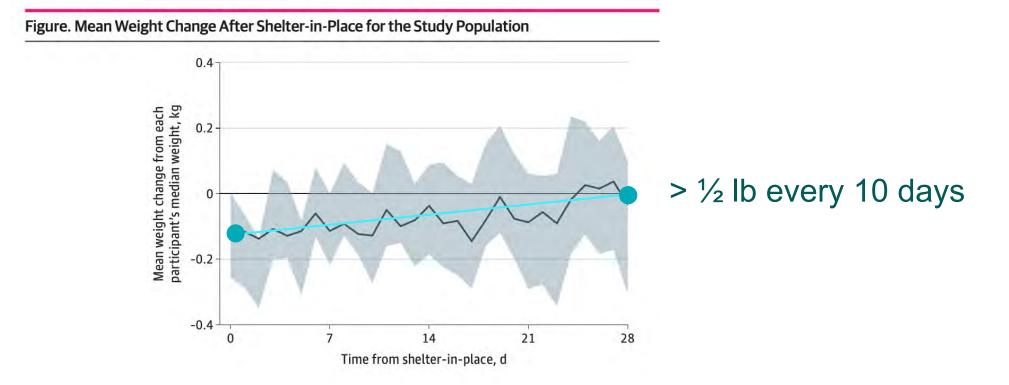
Uber Newsroom

Cheese fry sales increased by over 1200%



The most ordered items: 1. French Fries 2. Pad Thai 3. Garlic Naan 4. Soda 5. Miso Soup 6. California Roll 7. Chicken Tikka Masala 8. Edamame 9. Mozzarella Sticks 10. Spicy Tuna Roll Uber 2021 Cravings Report

Early Pandemic-Associated Weight Gain Among Adults



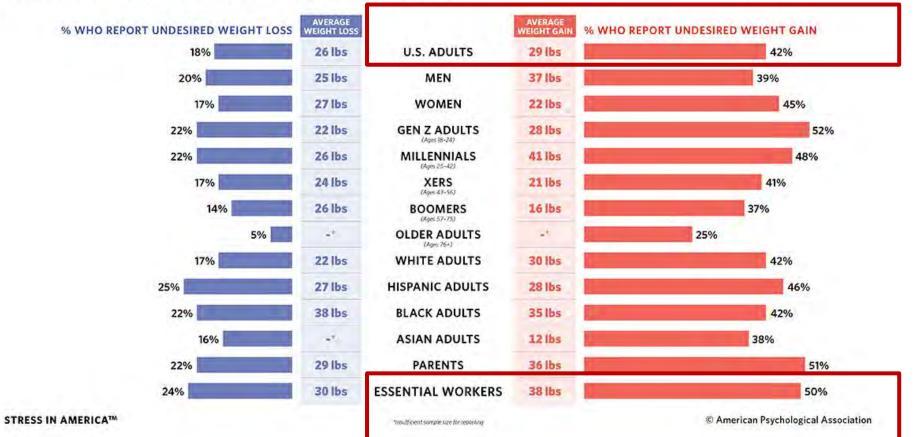
Figure, post-SIP participants experienced steady weight gain at a rate of 0.27 kg every 10 days (95% CI, 0.17 to 0.38 kg per 10 days; P < .001), irrespective of geographic location or comorbidities. Lin, JAMA Network Open. 2021

Pandemic-Related Weight Change Overall

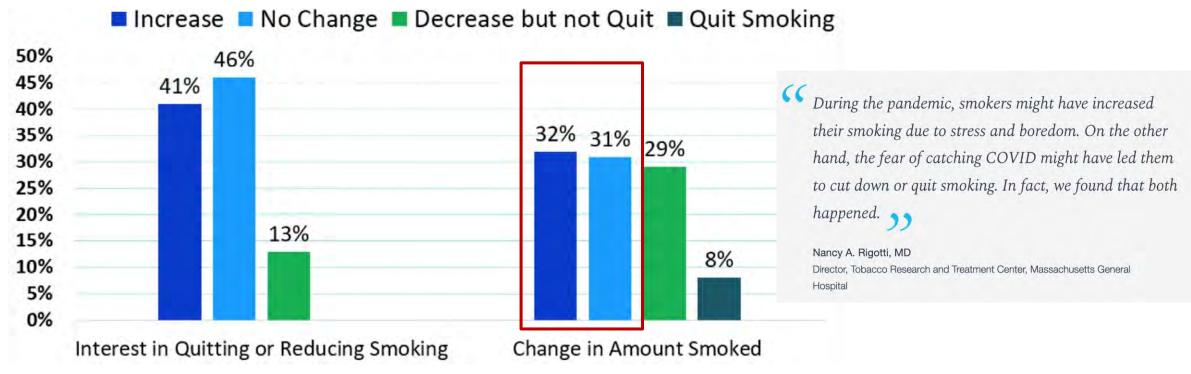
PANDEMIC SURVEY

Slightly More Than 6 in 10 U.S. Adults (61%) Report Undesired Weight Change Since Start of Pandemic





Cigarette Smoking & COVID-19



Rigotti et al, JGIM 2021

//// Dartmouth-Hitchcock Health



Alcohol Consumption



Alcohol and Food Service Sales 2018-2020 Alcohol at home Alcohol at a restaurant octable containe 20th and the problem and the and the and the problem and the FSDP/1

Average drinking days <u>20%</u> Drinks per drinking day <u>10%</u> Binge Drinking <u>20%</u>

Barbosa et al. J of Addict Med. 2021; Castalldelli-Maia et al. Alcohol. 2021



PANDEMIC SURVEY

Americans' Physical Health Has Taken a Back Seat Since Start of Pandemic



47% delayed or canceled health care services.

STRESS IN AMERICATM



COVID-Related Rescheduling

THE PRESENT AND FUTURE

JACC STATE-OF-THE-ART REVIEW

Cardiovascular Considerations for Patients, Health Care Workers, and Health Systems During the COVID-19 Pandemic

Elissa Driggin, MD,^{a,*} Mahesh V. Madhavan, MD,^{a,b,*} Behnood Bikdeli, MD, MS,^{a,b,c} Taylor Chuich, PharmD,^a Justin Laracy, MD,^a Giuseppe Biondi-Zoccai, MD, MSTAT,^{d,e} Tyler S. Brown, MD,^f Caroline Der Nigoghossian, PharmD,^a David A. Zidar, MD, PhD,^g Jennifer Haythe, MD,^a Daniel Brodie, MD,^a Joshua A. Beckman, MD,^h Ajay J. Kirtane, MD, SM,^{a,b} Gregg W. Stone, MD,^{b,I} Harlan M. Krumholz, MD SM,^{c,I,k} Sahil A. Parikh, MD^{a,b}

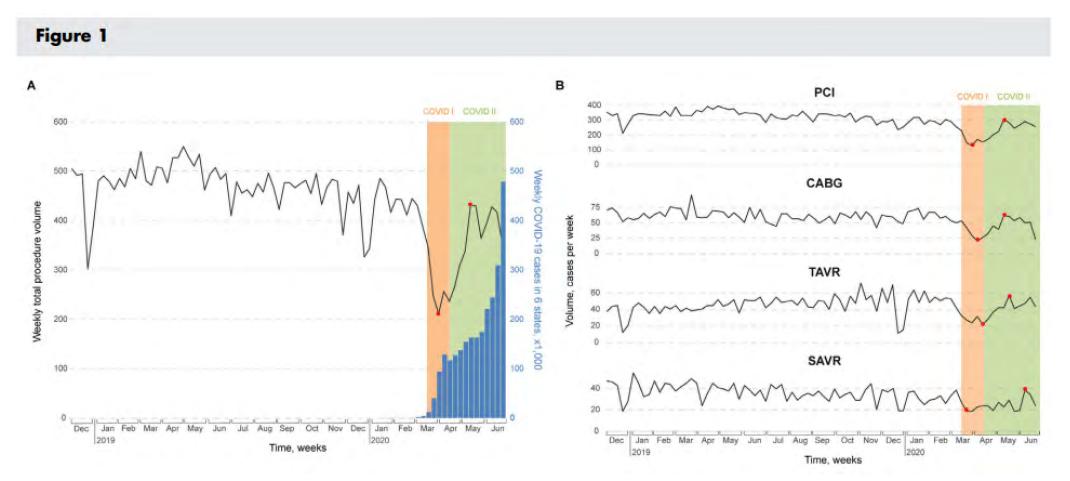
Epub March 19, 2020

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IGURE 3 Considerations Regarding COVID-19 for Cardiovascular Health Care Workers by Specialty

MINIMIZING COVID-19 EXPOSURE: Key Considerations for Cardiovascular	OVERALL GOAL	
Health Care Workers	Provide high quality care	
	for patients with cardio-	
CARDIOVASCULAR PROCEDURES	vascular disease while minimizing infection	
Interventional / electrophysiology / cardiac surgery	risk to cardiovascular	
	health care workers.	
Minimize staffing in urgent / emergent cases		
 Optimize medications and reschedule elective procedures 		
Use negative pressure catheterization labs /	OUTPATIENT CARDIOLOG	
operating rooms for urgent procedures as able • Consider fibrinolysis in case PCI is not feasible		
	• Reschedule in-person visits	
	• Utilize telemedicine	
CARDIAC CRITICAL CARE		
	INPATIENT CARDIOLOGY	
 Wear appropriate PPE according to institutional / national / international guidelines 		
Use airborne PPE with intubation and ACLS	Limit in-person consultation	
 Favor external compression devices for CPR 	• Utilize telehealth	
	Concession in the local division in the	
ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY	CARDIOLOGY TEACHING	
	SERVICES	
Reschedule elective procedures		
 Use bedside studies Clean the machines and probes appropriately 	 Minimize non-essential staf le.g. medical students! 	
before and after each use	Avoid large group rounds	
Shorten exam length [e.g. fewer views]	Develop virtual rounds and	
Use airborne PPE with TEE	teaching conferences	

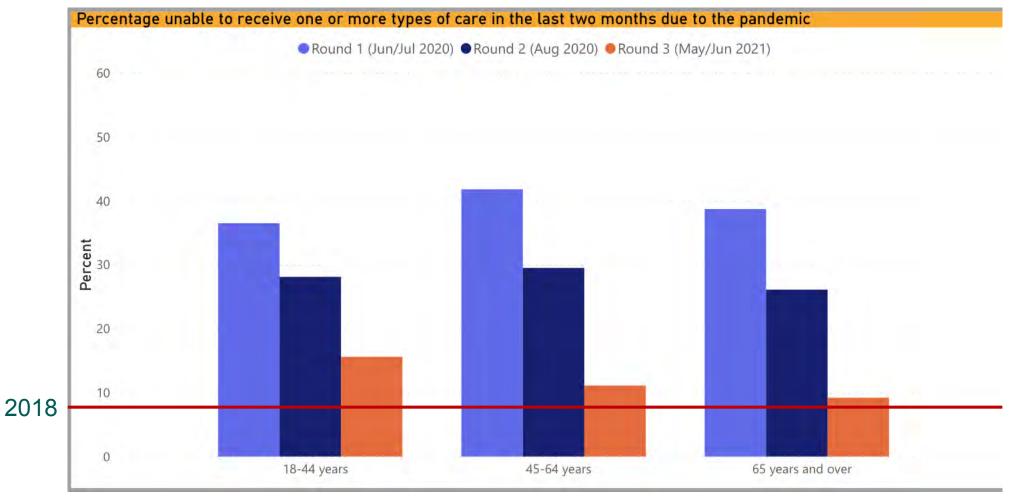
COVID Decreases Volume of Elective Procedures



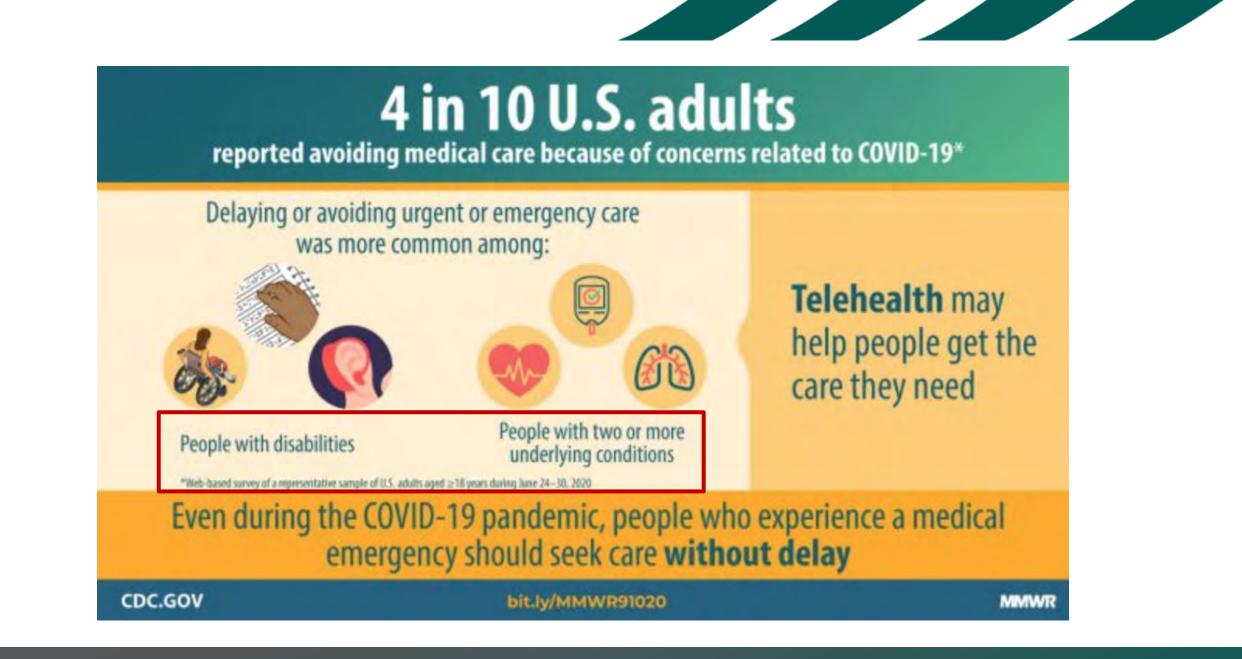
Yong et al. American Heart Journal 2021



Reduced Access to Needed Services



SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, Research and Development Survey, RANDS during COVID-19, 2020–2021.



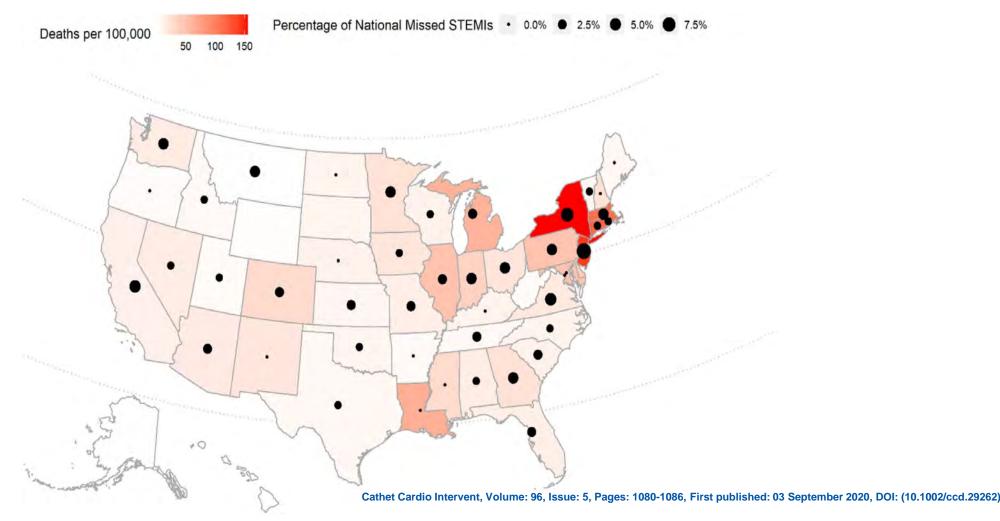
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Where Have All the Heart Attacks Gone?

informal Twitter poll by @angioplastyorg, an online community of cardiologists, almost half of the respondents reported that they are seeing a 40 percent to 60 percent reduction in admissions for heart attacks; about 20 percent reported more than a 60 percent reduction.

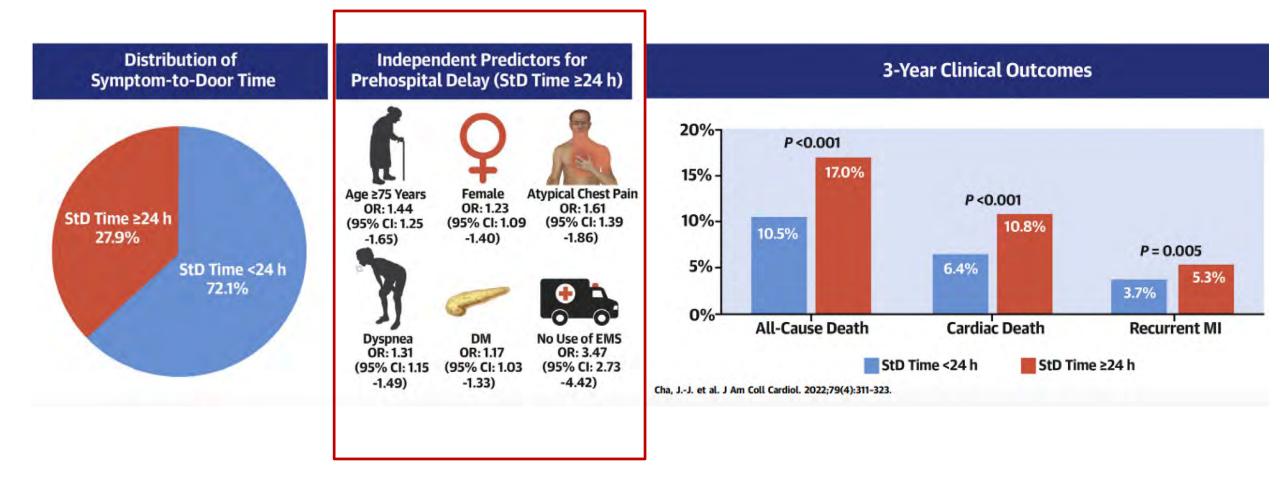
Krumholtz, NY Times, April 6, 2020

COVID Increases Late Presentations for STEMI



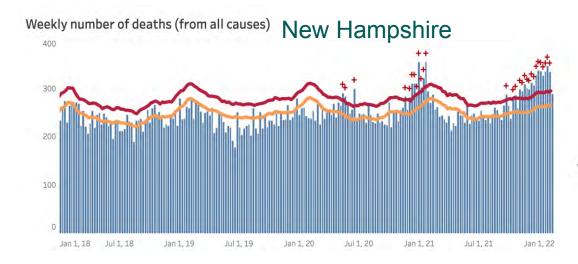


Delays Increase Risk of Death from Heart Attack





Excess Deaths



Weekly number of deaths (from all causes) Vermont

Jan 1, 20

Jul 1, 20

Jan 1, 21

Jul 1, 21

Jan 1, 22

https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/vsrr/covid19/excess_deaths.htm

Jul 1, 19

Jan 1, 19

Jul 1, 18

Jan 1, 18



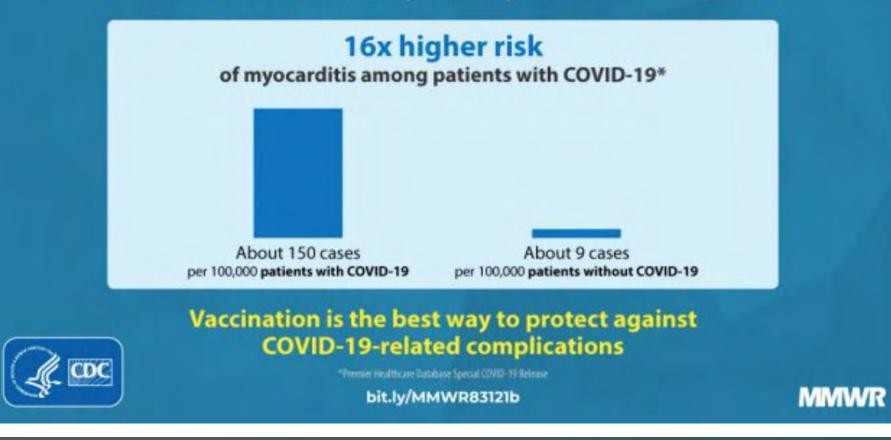
COVID-19 Infection Increases Risk of CV Events

Cerebrovascular disorders	101		H	
Dysrhythmia	ļ		H	
Inflammatory heart disease			- H	
Ischemic heart disease	- 1	H84	H	•
Other cardiac disorders	4	-	H	
Thrombotic disorders		Mer	H	
MACE	- 1		H	
Any cardiovascular outcome		•		
	0 1	2 3 HR (95% CI)	0 25 50 Excess burden per 1,000 persons (95% CI)	Xie, Nature Medicine, 202



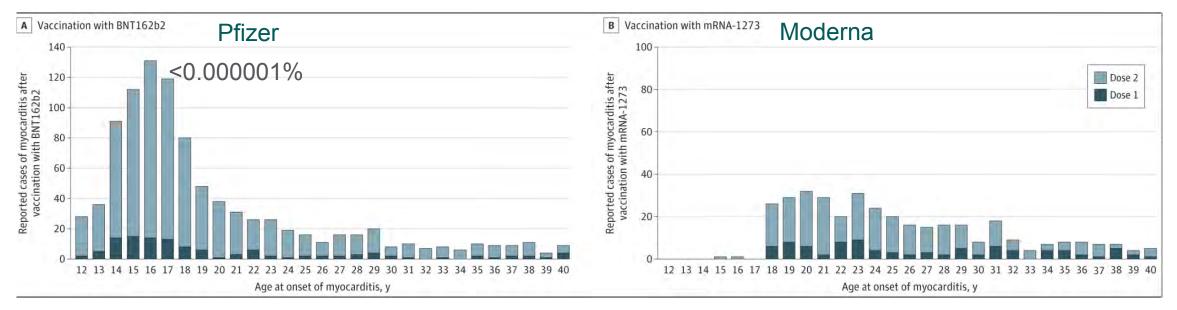
COVID-19 Infection and Myocarditis

Myocarditis (inflammation of part of the heart muscle) occurs more frequently among COVID-19 patients





COVID Vaccines and Myocarditis



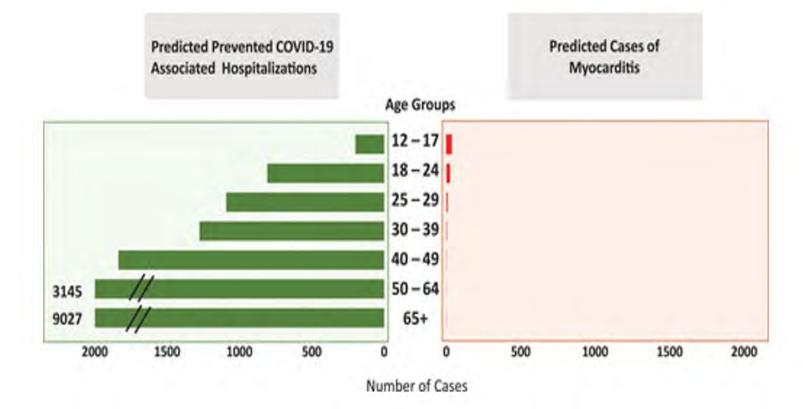
114,246, 837 first doses given 95, 532, 396 second doses given 78, 158, 611 first doses given 66, 163, 001 second doses given

Among those >40 years of age, there were a total of 8 reports of myocarditis after either vaccine.

Oster et al, JAMA, 2022



COVID-Vaccine and Myocarditis

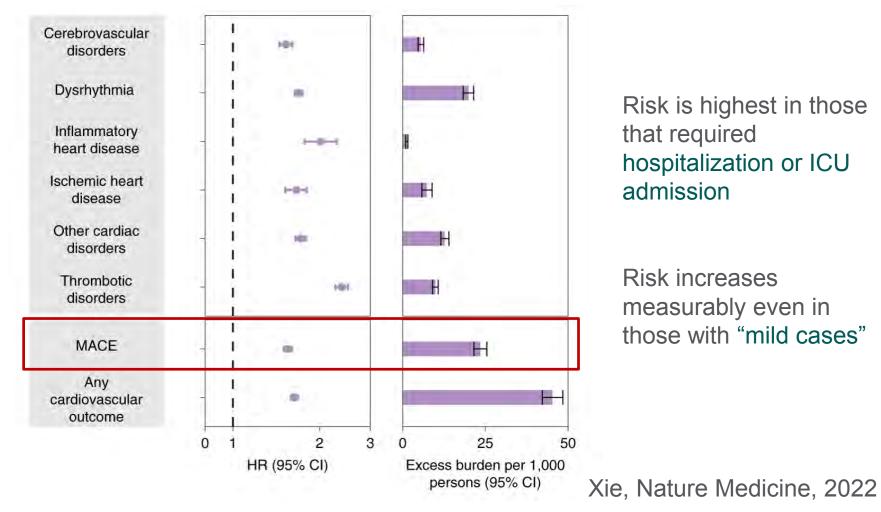


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Biykem Bozkurt. Circulation. Myocarditis With COVID-19 mRNA Vaccines, Volume: 144, Issue: 6, Pages: 471-484, DOI: (10.1161/CIRCULATIONAHA.121.056135)

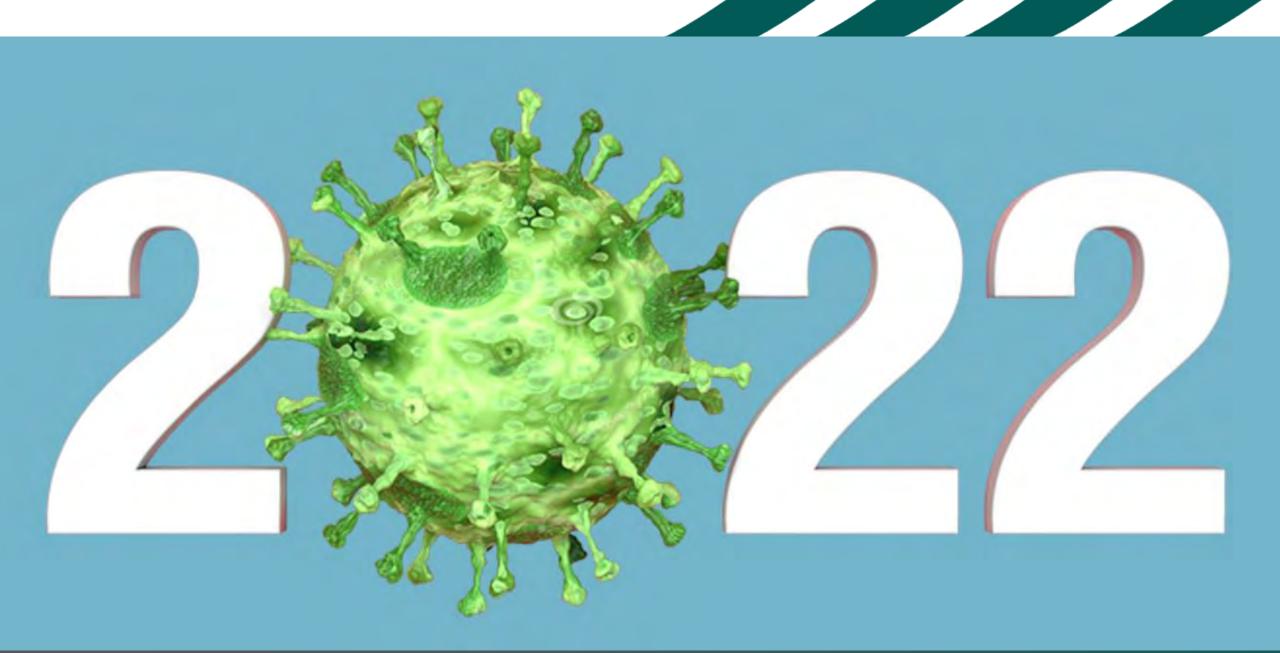
© 2021 American Heart Association, Inc.

COVID-19 Infection Increases Risk of CV Events



Risk is highest in those that required hospitalization or ICU admission

Risk increases measurably even in those with "mild cases"









Time to create or rebuild healthy habits and take control of your physical and mental well-being



Ψ

Get on track with healthier eating habits.

BLUE & **PURPLE** PINK RED blackberries plums omenranates blueberries prunes radicchio cherries black currants ourple figs cranberries red radishes dates red apples eggplants red grapes grapes red peppers red potatoes rhuborbs EAT MORE COLOR strawberries tomatoes watermelons The best way to get all of the vitamins, minerals and nutrients you need is to eat a variety of colorful fruits and veggies. Add color to your plate each day with the five main color groups. GREEN artichokes ORANGE asparagus & YELLOW avocados bok choy leek orange peppe broccoli limes acorn squas **Brussels** sprouts mustard green outternut squash celery okra apricots collard greens pears cantaloupes WHITE cucumbers peas carrots green beans romaine lettuce hananas corn green cabbage snow peas cauliflowe grapefruit green grapes spinach agric potatoe lemons green onions sugar snap pear Jerusalem parsnips mangoes green peppers watercress artichokes shallots yellow peppers nectorines kale zucchini oranges yellow squash

orange pepers papayas pecches pineaples pumpkins summer squash tangerines yams yellow apples



2022: Jumpstart Healthy Eating Habits



Limit the amount of sodium you eat each day. Learn the Salty Six. These common foods can be loaded with excess sodium:

> Breads & Rolls Pizza Sandwiches Cold Cuts & Cured Meats Soups Burritos & Tacos





Fit in 150+

Get at least 150 minutes per week of moderate-intensity aerobic activity or 75 minutes per week of vigorous aerobic activity (or a combination of both), preferably spread throughout the week.



ES.

Move More, Sit Less

Get up and move throughout the day. Any activity is better than none. Even light-intensity activity can offset the serious health risks of being sedentary.

Add Intensity



RA

Moderate to vigorous aerobic exercise is best. Your heart will beat faster, and you'll breathe harder than normal. As you get used to being more active, increase your time and/or intensity to get more benefits.

Add Muscle

Include moderate- to high-intensity muscle-strengthening activity (like resistance or weight training) at least twice a week.



Small changes can make a big difference.



Ask about your blood pressure and cholesterol numbers.

Know Your Numbers: Blood Pressure

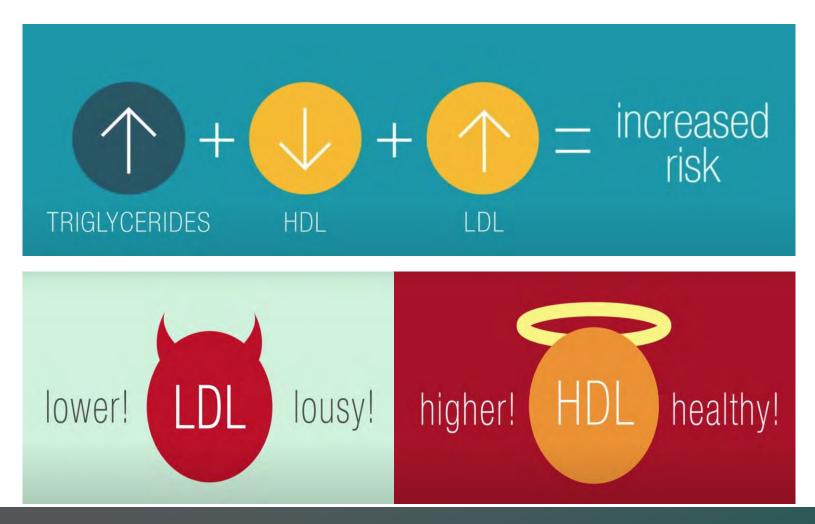


BLOOD PRESSURE CATEGORY	SYSTOLIC mm Hg (upper number)	and/or	DIASTOLIC mm Hg (lower number)
NORMAL	LESS THAN 120	and	LESS THAN 80
ELEVATED	120 – 129	and	LESS THAN 80
HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE (HYPERTENSION) STAGE 1	130 – 139	or	80 - 89
HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE (HYPERTENSION) STAGE 2	140 OR HIGHER	or	90 OR HIGHER
HYPERTENSIVE CRISIS (consult your doctor immediately)	HIGHER THAN 180	and/or	HIGHER THAN 120





Know Your Numbers: Cholesterol







FIGHT STRESS HEALTHY HABITS

1. Slow down.

Plan ahead and allow enough time to get the most important things done without ha ving to rush.

2. Snooze more.

Try to get seven to nine hours of sleep each night. To figt insomnia, add mindfulness and activity.

3. Let worry go.

The world won't end if a few things fall off of your plate. Give yourself a break and just breathe.

4. Laugh it up.

Laughter makes us feel good. Don't be afraid to laugh out loud, even when you're alone.

5. Get connected.

A daily dose of friendship is great medicine. Make time to call friends or family so you can catch up.

6. Get organized.

Use "to do" lists to help you focus on your most important tasks and take big projects one step at a time.

7. Practice giving back.

Volunteer your time or spend time helping out a friend. Helping others helps you.

8. Beactive every day.

Exercise can relieve mental and physical tension. Find something you think is fun and stick with it.

9. Give up the bad habits.

Too much alcohol, tobacco or caffeine can increase blood pressure. Cut back or quit to decrease anxiety.

10. Lean into things you can change. Make time to learn a new skill, work toward a goal, or to love and help others.

Learn more at heart.org/HealthyForGood









In 2022, Let Us Help You:

1. Create or rebuild healthy habits

2. Take control of your well-being

3. Check in with your healthcare provider





Thank You for Your Time and Attention

